Geology MESci

COURSE DETAILS
- A level requirements: AAB
- UCAS code: F601
- Study mode: Full-time
- Length: 4 years

KEY DATES
- Apply by: 25 January 2023
- Starts: 25 September 2023

Course overview
Discover planet Earth: from natural hazards to natural resources, from the history of life to the history of the planet itself. You don’t need to have studied geology before and this programme can open the door to a career as a professional geologist in industries such as petroleum, mineral resources, engineering geology and environmental assessment. You will gain thorough and highly practical training in modern geology, with a strong emphasis on fieldwork.

INTRODUCTION
The Geology MESci (Hons) shares the first three years with Geology BSc (Hons), with the final year providing more advanced training in all aspects of geology.

In years one and two, we provide core training in all key areas of geology. You will undertake an independent field-based project and complete a dissertation in year three. Modules specific to the four-year programme include volcanic processes, mineral deposits, and research methods. Year three and four field classes visit Northern Spain and Tenerife.

In year four, you will work within one of our research groups and complete a major geological research project. This will involve development of research and communication skills through a project proposal, literature review, journal-style manuscript and conference-style talk. Results often get published in international journals.

There is scope for an industrial placement with organisations such as Shell, BP, Exxon-Mobil, RioTinto, Anglo-American, the Environment Agency and the British Geological Survey.
Many of our students successfully complete internships in industry between years three and four.

You will choose from a wide range of applied and more academic modules to create your own pathway. Again, there is high level of field-based training designed specifically to give you skills in data analysis, synthesis, problem solving, research and reporting your results.

Semester two of year three can be spent abroad at a partner university in Australia or New Zealand.

A number of the School’s degree programmes involve laboratory and field work. Fieldwork is carried out in various locations, ranging from inner city to coastal and mountainous environments. We consider applications from prospective disabled students on the same basis as all other students, and reasonable adjustments will be considered to address barriers to access.

**WHAT YOU’LL LEARN**

- Core training in all key areas of geology
- Volcanic processes, mineral deposits, and research methods
- Work with one of our research groups and complete a major geological research project

- Develop data analysis, synthesis, problem solving, research and communication skills

**ACCREDITATION**

This degree is accredited by the Geological Society of London, satisfying the requirements of Fellowship and Chartered Geologist status.
Course content
Discover what you’ll learn, what you’ll study, and how you’ll be taught and assessed.

YEAR ONE

Year one aims to provide a comprehensive introduction to core disciplines in geoscience assuming no prior knowledge of the subject. A strong feature of year one is the development of transferable skills (eg Geographical Information Systems (GIS), IT, essay writing, oral communication), integrated within a tutorial system. Tutorials are run by academic staff.

Fieldwork involves:

1 day in North England (October)
8 days in Pembrokeshire (Easter)

ENVS117 is a compulsory module for those without A level Maths or Physics at grade C or above. ENVS153 is a compulsory module for those without A level Chemistry at grade C or above. You should discuss this with your programme director at the start of the academic session.

COMPULSORY MODULES

EARTH STRUCTURE AND PLATE TECTONICS (ENVS112)
Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2

Module aims:
To introduce students to the structure and composition of the Earth, the Earth’s gravitational and magnetic fields, and dynamics within the deep Earth.
To introduce students to the physics of Earth material and the geological time scale.
To introduce students to plate tectonics.

INTRODUCTION TO FIELD GEOLOGY (ENVS109)
Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2

This field module provides a basic training in field techniques and gives students practical experience working with a wide range of rock types and tectonic structures to solve geological problems. Students gain experience in recording field data and use their own data to interpret geological processes and environments.

The module is assessed by means of an individual fieldwork portfolio, and a group synthesis poster completed after the field class.

INTRODUCTION TO SEDIMENTARY ROCKS AND FOSSILS (ENVS118)
Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1
This module provides a basic introduction to sedimentology and palaeontology. Students learn about the origin of sediment, sedimentary processes and structures and the ways in which sediments are converted into solid rock. The course outlines the importance of sedimentary rocks for hydrocarbons, water and as construction materials. Students learn how to describe and interpret sedimentary deposits.

The palaeontology component introduces students to the major fossil groups and to the ways in which organisms can be preserved as fossils. It covers the importance of fossils for the study of evolution, environmental change and earth history. Students learn how to describe fossils and how observations contribute to a broader understanding.

**INTRODUCTION TO STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND GEOLOGICAL MAPS (ENVS156)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**

This module introduces a key subject within Earth Sciences, Structural Geology and Geological Mapping. In this module you will be introduced to geological structures from the micro to the mountain scale, and receive training in the geometrical techniques used to document and analyse them. You will also learn the basic principles of stress and strain which underpin a number of advanced Earth Science subjects and skills used in industry and research. Finally, the module will provide training in how to read and understand geological maps, and train your 3D visualisation skills by learning how to create geological cross-sections from maps, and how to stereographically plot 3D geological data. A combination of virtual lectures, practical skill development sessions, discussion sessions, and directed reading will help you navigate this important Earth Sciences topic. You will be assessed on the development of your practical skills through an end-of-semester open book practical exam, and you will write an individual research paper on a specific topic in structural geology.

**STUDY SKILLS AND GIS (EARTH SCIENCE) (ENVS101)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: whole session**

This module introduces students to the key skills necessary to succeed on a University Earth Science course. It does this via a series of lectures, workshops, and tutorials, together with a geology fieldwork day and attendance at departmental seminars and talks. The lectures, towards the start of the first semester, cover academic integrity, exam skills, employability and 2D/3D visualisation. Tailored workshops cover Geographical Information Systems (GIS), Word, Excel and MATLAB and Python programming skills. Small-group (typically 4 to 8 students) tutorials are typically run weekly, each semester, by academic staff and cover essay writing, careers and employability. Students receive formative feedback on a practice essay in the first semester before completing one that is summatively assessed, set in the second semester. Academic tutors undertake personal development planning (PDP, i.e. careers and module selection advice) with each tutee. It is recommended that all students attend departmental seminars and the annual Herdman (student-led) conference as these help students integrate into the department and understand the sorts of research and applied activity that takes place.

**INTRODUCTION TO GEOSCIENCE AND EARTH HISTORY (ENVS123)**
This module is an introduction to geoscience, presenting the history of the Earth, Earth’s composition and the main sub- and surface processes that shape the Earth. It demonstrates to students how geoscience is an interdisciplinary application of physics, chemistry and biology. The module introduces the current understanding of Earth’s composition and structure, gives an overview of a range of deep-Earth to Earth-surface processes, and begins to explain how through the history of our planet these processes have created the features we observe today. Upon completion of the module students should understand, at an introductory level, current evidence and models for the origin and structure of the Earth and be able to identify main rock types. They should also be aware of the processes that are modifying the Earth and its biosphere, including human processes as well as processes that create natural resources and natural hazards. It is taught via a series of introductory-level lectures and a parallel series of hands-on, active learning practical classes. Assessment is via coursework developed from the practical sessions and a final written examination, where students will demonstrate their ability to link together themes developed in the module.

OPTIONAL MODULES

CLIMATE, ATMOSPHERE AND OCEANS (ENVS111)

Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1

Climate, Atmosphere and Oceans provides an understanding of how the climate system operates. The module draws on basic scientific principles to understand how climate has evolved over the history of the planet and how the climate system is operating now. Attention is particularly paid to the structure and circulation of the atmosphere and ocean, and how they both interact. The course emphasizes acquiring mechanistic insight and drawing upon order of magnitude calculations. Students gain quantitative skills by completing a series of coursework exercises.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY (ENVS153)

Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2

This module will give students an understanding of the basics that control fundamental properties of elements and matter, either solid, liquid or gas. It will introduce the fundamentals of atomic structure, elements and molecules from simple inorganic to large organic ones and the bonding forces that hold them together. It will look at the basics of chemical reactions with processes of oxidation and reduction, solubility of solids and gases, acid-base properties and thermo-chemistry. Students will learn how to make quantitative predictions on e.g. the amount of products that will be produced based on balanced chemical reactions and will see how basic chemistry can be used to explain many environmental properties.

ESSENTIAL MATHEMATICAL SKILLS (ENVS117)

Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1
This module is designed to provide students without a background in mathematics and physics at A-level (or equivalent) with sufficient knowledge and skills in these subjects to pursue degree programmes in ocean sciences, geology, geography, environmental sciences and marine biology. It is taught by means of lectures and weekly practical workshops and assessed by means of a written examination. Additional material is provided via Canvas. Whilst many of the topics covered in the module may be covered in A-level maths and or physics, there will be a number of topics included which are unique.

**MATHEMATICS FOR PHYSICISTS I (PHYS107)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1**

This module aims to provide all students with a common foundation in mathematics, necessary for studying the physical sciences and maths courses in later semesters. All topics will begin “from the ground up” by revising ideas which may be familiar from A-level before building on these concepts. In particular, the basic principles of differentiation and integration will be practised, before extending to functions of more than one variable.

**THEORY AND LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS IN EARTH SURFACE PROCESSES (ENVS165)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**

The module uses a lecture and laboratory-based problem-solving approach to explore some of the fundamental physical and chemical processes underlying physical geography. It is designed to provide a foundation for environmental and physical geography modules in the second and third years.

Programme details and modules listed are illustrative only and subject to change.

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**YEAR TWO**

Year two takes subjects to greater depth and builds student skills in synthesising and evaluating geological data. A key part of the year is training you in preparation for year three independent field projects, particularly in tutorial sessions run by academic staff.

Fieldwork involves:
- 15 days geological mapping training in Spain (Easter)

To fulfil the aims of the year and ensure accreditation, all modules are compulsory.

**COMPULSORY MODULES**

**EXPLORATION GEOPHYSICS (ENVS216)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1**
This module provides an introduction to the principles and practice of all the main geophysical methods used for exploration purposes. This includes seismic refraction, seismic reflection, electrical methods, ground penetrating radar, gravity, and magnetics. Students will also gain understanding of when and where each method can be useful. Case studies will be used to highlight application of methods on all scales from shallow to deep, small to large and include uses within archaeology, engineering and geology. The module concludes with a synthesis of methods and how to approach site investigation. The module is lecture and problem session based with 50% continuous assessment from set homework assignments or problem sheets. The final exam constitutes the rest of the assessment.

**METAMORPHISM AND CRUSTAL EVOLUTION (ENVS212)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**

This module provides second or third year students with a foundation in the whole subject of metamorphism, from how and why atoms move around to form new minerals, through the textures of metamorphic rocks in hand specimen and how to interpret them, to the large scale plate tectonic phenomena that drive everything. Previous study of mineralogy, igneous and structural geology is assumed. Lectures are interactive – the lecturer presents the outline to the audience, takes questions from the audience and students will work up the lecture notes in their own time incorporating material from textbooks. Practicals involve thin section work (the only way to become familiar with metamorphic minerals and textures), hand specimen examination, calculations and the study of metamorphic and other maps of the Caledonian mountain belt in Britain and Ireland. Students will begin by studying the fundamental principles of metamorphic geology and gradually the scale of consideration enlarges until by halfway through the module, we see how metamorphism links to, and informs us about, past and present plate tectonics. We then return to some more detailed techniques for studying metamorphism, and finish by tying all the ideas together in a “case study” of the Caledonides of Britain and Ireland, the eroded remnants of Palaeozoic subduction and collision. Metamorphic geology plays a pivotal role in unravelling this story, as it does in unravelling the history of the entire Earth. Students are assessed during term in using practical skills (thin section drawing, calculations, use of various graphical and pictorial techniques) and through a final theory exam in knowledge and understanding of the subject.

**MINERALS, MAGMAS AND IGNEOUS GEOCHEMISTRY (ENVS247)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1**

This module comprises a series of lectures and practical classes to facilitate students constructing their own learning in the fields of mineralogy, igneous petrology and geochemistry. The module’s learning outcomes are assessed by a mid-term class test, creating an individual A3 poster based on a topical case study, and a summative exam.

**RESEARCH SKILLS (GEOSCIENCES) (ENVS200)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: whole session**
The module introduces and develops a range of skills that are central to the research process and the development of key skills important for employment after graduation. The module provides students with the research skills they will need to complete Year 3 dissertation projects. The syllabus is delivered via tutorial sessions and a lecture/workshop series. The tutorials provide a learning environment to support students in discussing key issues and in developing important professional skills. They also provide students with the opportunity of developing a champion – their academic tutor, a member of staff who will get to know them well and be well positioned to write references for employment. The lecture/workshop series covers IT-related skills needed for writing and illustrating reports, consistently citing and referencing data sources, constructing final versions of geological maps, and plotting orientation data, as well as aspects of Careers and Employability. Assessment is coursework-based and comprises an oral presentation, a geological report/literature review, a computer-generated final map poster and a project plan (Gannt chart). As part of this module, students are required to complete dissertation project hazard/risk assessment paperwork. Help and feedback is provided by the academic tutor and technical staff, as well as the module leader.

SEDIMENTARY PROCESSES AND DEPOSITIONAL ENVIRONMENTS (ENVS219)

Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1

Sedimentary successions are the only archive from which we can accurately decode the Earth’s past. Using physical, chemical and biological information we can reconstruct past climates, tectonics and depositional environments. This module teaches the fundamental principles of interpreting sedimentary stratigraphy, and develops students’ abilities to recognize sedimentary textures and use them to interpret ancient depositional environments.

STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND INTERPRETATION OF GEOLOGICAL MAPS (ENVS263)

Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2

This module builds on the prerequisite module Introduction to Structural Geology and Geological Maps. While the module introduces additional structures, emphasis is placed on the spatial, kinematic and temporal relationships between geological structures. Strain and stress analysis are developed to a level such that they may be used, as appropriate, to explain the origins of selected geological structures. The module considers the geometries of a series of geological structures and stratigraphies displayed on geological maps and how they should be described and analysed with an emphasis on the interpretation of a geological map as an integrated whole. A combination of lectures, laboratory work and directed reading are used to deliver the module. On campus lectures will be supported by five laboratory based practicals and five online practicals. It will be assessed using an online open book theory examination and an online open book practical examination.

VOLCANOLOGY AND GEOHAZARDS (ENVS284)

Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2
Programme details and modules listed are illustrative only and subject to change.

FIELD MAPPING TECHNIQUES (ENVS293)

Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2

This module is a 10 day field class or online equivalent in which students learn various techniques required to assess the 3D geological evolution of an area. Training entails mapping exercises at different scales, designed to develop abilities to visualise geology and geomorphology in 3D, and to analyse and synthesise discrete observations to build a full four-dimensional model that includes the deep-time geological history of the area. Mapping techniques also include notebook construction, to complement any geological or geomorphological map, generalised vertical sections and lithostratigraphy, and the construction of cross-sections for 3D visualisation. These are all skills that are highly regarded and often required by geoscience employers, and this field class also provides the students with several skills required for final year independent research projects. Staff supervise all mapping and technical exercises and provide feedback throughout, but with progressively less direct staff supervision as the module progresses, to encourage independent work as student’s skills develop. Group work, when possible, develops the individual’s ability to work effectively in a team. Assessment takes place during the field class exercise.

YEARS THREE

Years three and four lead you to research-level understanding of a range of earth science problems and issues via formal teaching and independent research work. A major feature of the third year is the independent field project and dissertation in which you have the opportunity to conduct a major piece of independent fieldwork and present it in a substantial report.

Fieldwork involves:

- 13 days advanced field techniques in Donegal, Ireland (summer between Years Two and Three)
- 35 days independent project fieldwork (summer between Years Two and Three)
- 8 day field course in Tenerife or 7 days in Northern Spain

COMPULSORY MODULES

FIELD PROJECT AND DISSERTATION (ENVS354)

Credits: 30 / Semester: semester 1
Students will demonstrate their scientific skills by planning and undertaking a project with a major component of field study followed by the writing of a report summarising the findings and interpretation.

**ADVANCED FIELD SKILLS: FROM SEDIMENTS TO SUBDUCTION (ENVS370)**

**Credits:** 15 / **Semester:** semester 2

The aim of the module is to build a large-scale picture and evolution of a convergent tectonic plate boundary by combining a series of detailed field observations along a transect gained from the use of advanced field techniques.

**OPTIONAL MODULES**

**GEOENERGY (ENVS337)**

**Credits:** 15 / **Semester:** semester 1

Our pathway to a carbon neutral world relies upon our ability to develop new technologies and improve established technologies. Earth Scientists will play a major role in this energy revolution from sourcing raw materials for solar cells and batteries to sequestering carbon dioxide in rock units deep beneath the Earth's surface. This module provides a background to the GeoEnergy sector, with particular focus on fluid flow through geological structures and rock units. The broad aim of the module is to provide students with the appropriate level of knowledge and skillset to be able to evaluate and manage hydrocarbon reservoirs, including carbon dioxide sequestration, and geothermal systems.

**ENGINEERING GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY (ENVS338)**

**Credits:** 15 / **Semester:** semester 1

This module provides the basic principles of engineering geology and hydrogeology. The applications of these principles are illustrated using selected examples and emphasis is placed on the interaction between them and their control on the mechanical stability of natural systems. By necessity predictions must be quantitative but, in order to develop understanding, a strongly graphical approach has been adopted in this module. The applications of engineering geology and hydrogeology will be highlighted using a field-based case study: the Mam Tor landslip. Engineering geology and hydrogeology are two important sources of employment and this module provides an opportunity to experience the scope and nature of these subjects. A combination of lectures, directed reading, laboratory work and fieldwork are used to deliver the module. Twelve lectures will be supported by six laboratory based practicals. It will be assessed using a report of the field investigation and an examination.

**ENVIRONMENTAL GEOPHYSICS (ENVS258)**

**Credits:** 15 / **Semester:** semester 2
This module builds on the theory taught in Exploration Geophysics (ENVS216), by introducing a large amount of practical experience, data analysis and interpretation. Fieldwork will be run using input from industry professionals from RSK. The module will introduce principles of remote sensing, and give practical experience in GIS, electrical methods, seismics, ground penetrating radar, gravity and magnetics. Attention will be paid to how these different methods can be integrated to give a thorough understanding of a study site. The module will be assessed through a combination of continuous assessment such as short reports.

**INTRODUCTION TO QUATERNARY MICROPALAEONTOLOGY (ENVS342)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**

This module intends to give a holistic insight of a number of marine and terrestrial microfossils that are conventionally used for reconstructing past environmental conditions for the Quaternary period, including recent past. Microfossils are biological indicators that can help to either qualitatively and/or quantitatively estimate environmental conditions such as atmospheric temperature and precipitation (pollen), sea-surface conditions (foraminifera, diatoms, radiolarians, dinoflagellate cysts), salinity (ostracods, diatom), pH (diatoms), sea-ice cover (diatoms, dinoflagellate cysts), etc. These conditions are of paramount importance for modelling past climate conditions and the data derived from microfossil assemblages enable to better calibrate models, which in turn, are essential to forecast future climate. In addition, microfossil assemblages help to understand the natural evolution of our environment as well as measuring the amplitude of human activities over time.

**MINERAL RESOURCES (ENVS326)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**

This module aims to provide understanding of the major types of mineral deposit through a critical assessment of conceptual models of deposit forming processes. There is an emphasis on geochemistry and quantitative methods. Content is delivered through on-line lectures with the aim of understanding: how mineral resources are formed; synthesising their distribution in space and time and evaluating this distribution in relation to overall Earth evolution; considering sustainability and the role of economics and politics. Practical understanding of mineral exploration is achieved through team-based role-playing activities in which students are divided into exploration companies. Each company has a two-stage budget and has to decide how to spend it on sampling, mapping, geochemical analysis, trenching and drilling. Each team presents an interim verbal report on the first stage followed by a second-stage final executive report summarising findings and providing an evaluation of gold resource. Assessment is split between the team exploration project (50%) and a final coursework essay (50%) from a choice of three topics. The team project uses peer assessment to produce individual marks for team members. This module has encouraged many students to follow mineral exploration careers.

**SIMULATING ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS (ENVS397)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**
This module will teach students to write and use simple numerical forward models of Earth surface and near-surface processes, including geomorphic, geophysical, oceanographic and ecological models. Successful students will develop important transferrable coding and numeracy skills through a series of lectures, seminars and practical work. The module will be assessed through practical work only, with formative assessment initially to help develop the necessary skills.

**APPLIED GEOLOGY AND GEOHAZARDS OF THE CANARY ISLANDS (ENVS375)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**

This module comprises a series of lectures, seminars, and a field class to facilitate students constructing their own learning. Lectures and guided reading present the theoretical framework of key topics and controversies. A field class promotes a deep understanding of the scale of geological and geohazard analysis particular to Tenerife. Ideas, concepts and knowledge built in the field act as stimuli to carry out independent and group investigations of select topics. Primary field evidence is applied to explore controversial topics in geology and geohazards.

**THE LIVING, EVOLVING EARTH (ENVS320)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1**

This module looks at long term evolutionary patterns and the links between the evolution of life, climate and environmental change. Covering the major changes in the Earth’s climate, biosphere and hydrosphere on time scales ranging from billions of years to abrupt events in Earth history you will learn how palaeontological, geochemical and other data are used to track environmental change.

Building on the basics of palaeontology covered in ENVS118, this module could be subtitled “palaeontology for palaeontologists” since it covers topics and ideas that are used day-to-day by professional palaeontologists. The course deals with evolutionary theory and its place in palaeontology, as the student learns how to read and construct evolutionary hypotheses, and describe and understand patterns in the fossil record. In addition the module will explore key events in the history of life on Earth – changing fossils on a changing planet – using exceptionally preserved faunas to illustrate the evolution of the flora and fauna.

The module is delivered through lectures and practical sessions. The practicals are a key component of the module and are designed to run alongside and support the lecture material, giving the student the opportunity to more deeply understand the module content. Once the bulk of the practicals are completed, students are required to undertake a group project that brings together much of the course material into a coherent whole.

**DYNAMICS OF CRUST AND MANTLE (ENVS355)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**

This module is a synthesis of geodynamic processes and their geological consequences across a range of scales from atoms to minerals to mountain belts to the whole mantle.
YEAR FOUR

Year four concentrates on the development of high-level research skills through training in research methods and completion of a major research project working within one of the departmental research groups. In this project you will choose the topic to be studied and will use state-of-the-art research equipment.

Fieldwork:
- Eight day field course in Tenerife or seven days in Northern Spain

COMPULSORY MODULES

ADVANCED GEOLOGY AND GEOLOGY-PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY PROJECT (ENVS405)

Credits: 45 / Semester: whole session

In this module students will carry out their final year independent research project based on laboratory analyses and/or modelling and fieldwork. It is specifically designed to enable students to develop and demonstrate independent research skills and transferable skills valuable to employers. The module will develop critical thinking, research level understanding of current debates in the geosciences and knowledge of the use and applications of specialised cutting-edge research equipment and facilities.

Each student is supervised by one or more academic members of staff who offer guidance during the period of independent research carried out by the student. The Module Manager offers support on paper writing and communication skills as well as additional academic support, if needed.

The module entails the production of a literature review paper that is relevant to each individual project; a talk to communicate the research undertaken to a mixed audience of UGs, PGTs, Postdocs and Academic staff; the final dissertation in manuscript format.

CURRENT ISSUES IN EARTH SCIENCE (ENVS440)

Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1

This module covers geoscience topics that have current societal importance. It will promote independent thinking, critical insight and a sound understanding of a variety of current geoscience topics that affect local, national and international governance. The module will allow development of independent research skills and encourage effective communication with a variety of different stakeholders (governing bodies, public, companies).
The module is delivered as a series of lectures, seminars and workshops. Lectures will introduce some high-level current issues in earth science, followed by progressively more student-led seminars and workshops, where they present their work and debate issues with other students in the class. Feedback from these seminars/debates informs them on how to write their consultancy reports, and deliver the group presentation.

**RESEARCH METHODS (ENVS444)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1**

This module is designed to train our students, largely by personal practice, in: scientific, journal-style writing; the initial development of a research problem and the definition, presentation and defence of a research proposal; the use of a small number of lab-analytical and data-analytical techniques of broad relevance to Advanced Geology and Geology-Physical-Geography projects.

**OPTIONAL MODULES**

**ENGINEERING GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY (ENVS538)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1**

This module provides the principles of engineering geology and hydrogeology. The applications of these principles are illustrated using selected examples and emphasis is placed on the interaction between them and their control on the mechanical stability of natural systems. By necessity predictions must be quantitative but, in order to develop understanding, a strongly graphical approach has been adopted in this module. The evaluation of errors in natural datasets and their impacts on quantitative predictions will be considered. The applications of engineering geology and hydrogeology will be highlighted using a field-based case study; the Mam Tor landslip. Engineering geology and hydrogeology are two important sources of employment and this module provides an opportunity to experience the scope and nature of these subjects.

A combination of lectures, directed reading, laboratory work and fieldwork are used to deliver the module. Asynchronous lectures will be supported by 6 laboratory based practicals and 3 online question and answers sessions. It will be assessed using an individual report of the field investigation and 2 online open book examinations.

**DYNAMICS OF CRUST AND MANTLE (ENVS555)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**

This module is a synthesis of geodynamic processes and their geological consequences across a range of scales from atoms to minerals to mountain belts to the whole mantle.

**MINERAL RESOURCES (M) (ENVS526)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**
This module aims to provide understanding of the major types of mineral deposit through a critical assessment of conceptual models of deposit forming processes. There is an emphasis on geochemistry and quantitative methods. Content is delivered through on-line lectures with the aim of understanding: how mineral resources are formed; synthesising their distribution in space and time and evaluating this distribution in relation to overall Earth evolution; considering sustainability and the role of economics and politics. Practical understanding of mineral exploration is achieved through team-based role-playing activities in which students are divided into exploration companies. Each company has a two-stage budget and has to decide how to spend it on sampling, mapping, geochemical analysis, trenching and drilling. Each team presents an interim verbal report (seminar style) on the first stage followed by a second-stage final executive report summarising findings and providing an evaluation of gold resource and potential environmental impact.

Assessment is split between the team exploration project (45%), sustainability seminars (10%), and a final coursework essay (45%) from a choice of two synoptic topics. The team project uses peer assessment to produce individual marks for team members. This module has encouraged many students to follow mineral exploration careers.

**GEOENERGY (ENVS537)**

*Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1*

Our pathway to a carbon neutral world relies upon our ability to develop new technologies and improve established technologies. Earth Scientists will play a major role in this Energy revolution from sourcing raw materials for solar cells and batteries to sequestering carbon dioxide in rock units deep beneath the Earth’s surface. This module provides a background to the GeoEnergy sector, with particular focus on fluid flow through geological structures and rock units. The broad aim of the module is to provide students with the appropriate level of knowledge and skillset to be able to evaluate and manage hydrocarbon reservoirs, including carbon dioxide sequestration, and geothermal systems.

**APPLIED GEOLOGY AND GEOHAZARDS OF THE CANARY ISLANDS (ENVS575)**

*Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2*

This module comprises a series of lectures, seminars, and a field class to facilitate students constructing their own learning. Lectures and guided reading present the theoretical framework of key topics and controversies. A field class promotes a deep understanding of the scale of geological and geohazard analysis particular to Tenerife. Ideas, concepts and knowledge built in the field act as stimuli to carry out independent and group investigations of select topics. An independent hazard assessment is prepared, communicating the findings in a report to local decision-makers (including executive summary). Primary field evidence is applied to critically discuss controversial topics in geology and geohazards.

**THE LIVING, EVOLVING EARTH (ENVS520)**

*Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 1*
This module looks at long term evolutionary patterns and the links between the evolution of life, climate and environmental change. Covering the major changes in the Earth’s climate, biosphere and hydrosphere on time scales ranging from billions of years to abrupt events in Earth history you will learn how palaeontological, geochemical and other data are used to track environmental change.

Building on the basics of palaeontology covered in ENVS118, this module could be subtitled “palaeontology for palaeontologists” since it covers topics and ideas that are used day-to-day by professional palaeontologists. The course deals with evolutionary theory and its place in palaeontology, as the student learns how to read and construct evolutionary hypotheses, and describe and understand patterns in the fossil record. In addition the module will explore key events in the history of life on Earth – changing fossils on a changing planet – using exceptionally preserved faunas to illustrate the evolution of the flora and fauna.

The module is delivered through lectures, practical sessions and seminars. The practicals are a key component of the module and are designed to run alongside and support the lecture material, giving the student the opportunity to more deeply understand the module content. Once the bulk of the practicals are completed, students are required to undertake a group project that brings together much of the course material into a coherent whole.

**INTRODUCTION TO QUATERNARY MICROPALAEONTOLOGY (ENVS542)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**

This module intends to give a holistic insight of a number of marine and terrestrial microfossils that are conventionally used for reconstructing past environmental conditions for the Quaternary period, including recent past. Microfossils are biological indicators that can help to either qualitatively and/or quantitatively estimate environmental conditions such as atmospheric temperature and precipitation (pollen), sea-surface conditions (foraminifera, diatoms, radiolaria, dinoflagellate cysts), salinity (ostracods, diatom), pH (diatoms), sea-ice cover (diatoms, dinoflagellate cysts), etc. These conditions are of paramount importance for modelling past climate conditions and the data derived from microfossil assemblages enable to better calibrate models, which in turn, are essential to forecast future climate. In addition, microfossil assemblages help to understand the natural evolution of our environment as well as measuring the amplitude of human activities over time.

**SIMULATING ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS (ENVS597)**

**Credits: 15 / Semester: semester 2**

This module will teach students to write and use simple numerical forward models of Earth surface and near-surface processes, including geomorphic, geophysical, oceanographic and ecological models. Successful students will develop important transferrable coding and numeracy skills through a series of lectures, seminars and practical work. The module will be assessed through practical work only, with formative assessment initially to help develop the necessary skills.

Programme details and modules listed are illustrative only and subject to change.
HOW YOU’LL LEARN

Teaching takes place through lectures, practicals, workshops, seminars, tutorials and fieldwork, with an emphasis on learning through doing. The award-winning Central Teaching Laboratories, provide a state-of-the-art facility for undergraduate practical work. Students value the learning opportunities provided by field classes, including the rapid and detailed feedback on performance.

You will typically receive 15-20 hours of formal teaching each week, and complete between 50 and 100 days of residential fieldwork over the course of their programme. In years three and four you will carry out independent research projects on a topic and location of your choice. All projects are supervised by a member of staff who will meet with you on a weekly, or more frequent, basis.

A number of the School’s degree programmes involve laboratory and field work. The field work is carried out in various locations, ranging from inner city to coastal and mountainous environments. We consider applications from prospective students with disabilities on the same basis as all other students, and reasonable adjustments will be considered to address barriers to access.

LIVERPOOL HALLMARKS

We have a distinctive approach to education, the Liverpool Curriculum Framework, which focuses on research-connected teaching, active learning, and authentic assessment to ensure our students graduate as digitally fluent and confident global citizens.
Careers and employability

There has never been a better time to study Earth sciences. Many of the fundamental questions of our times will be answered by geoscientists, as we seek to provide sustainable resources for the world’s population, as well as predict and mitigate climate change and natural hazards by building a better understanding of the planet on which we live.

The majority of our recent graduates have gained employment within a degree-related field or continued within further education after graduation. We have close links with geoscience and environmental industries ensuring that our degrees properly equip you for future employment. The truly interdisciplinary nature of our degrees additionally makes graduates in Earth sciences highly sought after by other employment sectors.

89.5% OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES STUDENTS ARE IN WORK AND/OR FURTHER STUDY 15 MONTHS AFTER GRADUATION.

Discover Uni, 2018-19.

RECENT EMPLOYERS

- Geological Surveys in the UK and abroad
- Hydrocarbon and support industries: ExxonMobil, BP, Shell, Geotrace, Geokinetics, Neftex, Robertson, Deloitte, CGG, Osiris, PGS

PREPARING YOU FOR FUTURE SUCCESS

At Liverpool, our goal is to support you to build your intellectual, social, and cultural capital so that you graduate as a socially-conscious global citizen who is prepared for future success. We achieve this by:
• Embedding employability within your curriculum, through the modules you take and the opportunities to gain real-world experience offered by many of our courses.
• Providing you with opportunities to gain experience and develop connections with people and organisations, including student and graduate employers as well as our global alumni.
• Providing you with the latest tools and skills to thrive in a competitive world, including access to Handshake, a platform which allows you to create your personalised job shortlist and apply with ease.
• Supporting you through our peer-to-peer led Careers Studio, where our career coaches provide you with tailored advice and support.
Fees and funding
Your tuition fees, funding your studies, and other costs to consider.

TUITION FEES
Tuition fees cover the cost of your teaching and assessment, operating facilities such as libraries, IT equipment, and access to academic and personal support. Learn more about tuition fees, funding and student finance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UK fees</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Full-time place, per year</td>
<td>£9,249</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year in industry fee</td>
<td>£1,850</td>
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<tr>
<td>Year abroad fee</td>
<td>£1,385</td>
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<table>
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<tr>
<th>International fees</th>
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<tr>
<td>Full-time place, per year</td>
<td>£24,100</td>
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Fees stated are for the 2022-23 academic year and may rise for 2023-24.

ADDITIONAL COSTS
We understand that budgeting for your time at university is important, and we want to make sure you understand any course-related costs that are not covered by your tuition fee. This includes costs for a lab coat, geological field kit, and sustenance during compulsory field trips.
Find out more about the additional study costs that may apply to this course.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND BURSARIES
We offer a range of scholarships and bursaries to help cover tuition fees and help with living expenses while at university.
Scholarships and bursaries you can apply for from the United Kingdom

Select your country or region for more scholarships and bursaries.
## Entry requirements
The qualifications and exam results you’ll need to apply for this course.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Your qualification</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>About our typical entry requirements</td>
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<tr>
<td>A levels</td>
<td>AAB</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Applicants with the Extended Project Qualification (EPQ) are eligible for a reduction in grade requirements. For this course, the offer is ABB with A in the EPQ.</td>
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<td>You may automatically qualify for reduced entry requirements through our contextual offers scheme.</td>
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<tr>
<td>GCSE</td>
<td>4/C in English and 4/C in Mathematics</td>
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<tr>
<td>Subject requirements</td>
<td>Including two sciences (Acceptable sciences: Mathematics, Further Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Geology, Geography, Environmental Science, Applied Science, Use of Mathematics.)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>For applicants from England: Where a science has been taken at A level (Chemistry, Biology or Physics), a pass in the Science practical of each subject will be required.</td>
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<tr>
<td>BTEC Level 3 National Extended Diploma</td>
<td>Not accepted. Applicants should apply to F600</td>
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<tr>
<td>International Baccalaureate</td>
<td>35 points with no score less than 4, including one science subject at Higher Level</td>
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<tr>
<td>Irish Leaving Certificate</td>
<td>H1, H1, H2, H2, H2, H3 including H2 or above in one science</td>
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<tr>
<td>Your qualification</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
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<td>Scottish Higher/Advanced Higher</td>
<td>Not accepted without Advanced Highers at AAB including one science subject</td>
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<tr>
<td>Welsh Baccalaureate Advanced</td>
<td>Accepted at Grade B alongside AA in A levels (including one science subject).</td>
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<tr>
<td>Access</td>
<td>Not accepted. Applicants should apply to F600</td>
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**International qualifications**

Select your country or region to view specific entry requirements.

Many countries have a different education system to that of the UK, meaning your qualifications may not meet our entry requirements. Completing your Foundation Certificate, such as that offered by the University of Liverpool International College, means you're guaranteed a place on your chosen course.

**ALTERNATIVE ENTRY REQUIREMENTS**

- If your qualification isn't listed here, or you're taking a combination of qualifications, contact us for advice

- Applications from mature students are welcome.