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There's a problem.

General Relativity (GR) works really well for massive objects (like stars).

Quantum Mechanics (QM) works really well for tiny objects (like atoms).*

But, what if the object is massive **and** tiny? Then we need (drum roll)... Quantum Gravity.

The problem: GR and QM are not good bedfellows.

A universal 'Theory of Everything' has proven to be elusive.



* See "The Weird World of the Very Very Small"

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The Future



Maybe quantum mechanics will prevent a singularity from forming, thus avoiding the horrible properties like infinite density and infinitely warped space.

For instance, String Theory describes a ten-dimensional universe in which the fundamental building blocks are 'strings' rather than the more familiar 'particles'.

If String Theory is right, black holes are 'fuzzballs' without a singularity at their core. They are just 'balls of string'.

But, is the universe described by String Theory the one in which we live?





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The Future

Einstein never really believed that quantum mechanics was the right description of the microscopic world.

He spent most of his later years wrestling with a Theory of Everything.

If a genius like Einstein could not get his head around the problem, what will it take?



Maybe some unexpected discoveries, for instance from LIGO or eLISA, will point the way forward to a better understanding of black holes.



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